## The diabetes portion plate

## How to divide your plate

The diabetes portion plate is an easy to use tool that


## Recommended servings to fill each section of your plate

Below are some examples of food servings representing the sections of a portion plate as well as the number of servings* recommended for each meal.
*Talk with your health care team about your personal meal plan. The number of servings you should choose may vary from this general guideline.

Nonstarchy Vegetables Have 1-2 servings per meal


One serving =
1 cup raw or $1 / 2$ cup cooked vegetables such as:

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\begin{array}{ll}
\bullet \text { tomatoes } & \bullet \text { zucchini } \\
\bullet \text { green beans } & \bullet \text { artichokes } \\
\bullet \text { salad greens } & \bullet \text { broccoli }
\end{array}
$$

- peppers

Measurement Guide
1 teaspoon $=5 \mathrm{~mL}$

Dry measure
1 cup = 225 grams
$1 / 2$ cup $=113$ grams
1 ounce = 28 grams

Use a 9-inch plate

Whole Grains and Starches Have 1 serving per meal


One serving =

- 1 slice whole-grain bread
- $1 / 2$ to $3 / 4$ cup dry, unsweetened cereal
- $1 / 2$ corn on cob, large
- $1 / 3$ to $1 / 2$ cup cooked pasta or noodles
- 1/3 cup brown or white rice
- $1 / 4$ bagel ( 1 ounce)
- 1 medium potato


Fruits
Have 1 serving per meal
One serving =

- 1 small fresh fruit
- 1 cup cubed melon or raspberries
1 large kiwi


## Milk and Dairy

## Have 1 serving per meal

One serving =
-8-ounce cup fat-free or low-fat milk or fortified unsweetened plain soy milk
-6-ounce plain fat-free or low-fat yogurt

## Fats

Have 1-2 servings per meal
One serving =

- 1 teaspoon oil, margarine, mayonnaise, or butter. Use oils that are low in saturated fat.
Good choices are canola, peanut, and olive oil.
- 1 tablespoon regular or 2 tablespoons reduced-fat salad dressing
- 10 small peanuts or 6 whole almonds

